













Comparison of Provincial Net-Zero Legislation







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Legend: Green cells are best practices.

Category	 British Columbia	 Nova Scotia	 Quebec	 Manitoba	 New Brunswick	 PEI
Legislation	Climate Change Accountability Act (2007)	Sustainable Development Goals Act (2019)	An Act mainly to ensure effective governance of the fight against climate change and to promote electrification (2020)	Climate and Green Plan Act (2018)	Climate Change Act (2018)	Net-zero Carbon Act (2020)
Targets	40%, 60%, and 80% below 2007 level targets for 2030, 2040, and 2050 respectively.	10% (below 1990), 53% (below 2005), and net zero targets for 2020, 2030, and 2050 respectively.	37.5% below 1990 levels by 2030.	They use a carbon budget system – 5-year Carbon Savings Accounts (CSA) The reduction goal for 2018-2022 period is 1 Mt of carbon dioxide equivalent relative to a forecast of the emissions that would have occurred in that period.	The Act sets targets of 14.8 Mt in 2020, 10.7 Mt in 2030, and 5 Mt in 2050 (Emissions were 13.2 Mt in 2018).	Sets a 1.2 Mt target for 2030 and net-zero by 2040 (and each subsequent year). Their emissions were 1.7 Mt in 2018.

Category	 British Columbia	 Nova Scotia	 Quebec	 Manitoba	 New Brunswick	 PEI
Advisory Body	Advisory committee of up to 20 members, 6-year terms, appointed by government, must be representative of various stakeholder groups.	None	9 to 13 members, 3-year terms (can be reappointed), must be independent with no conflicting interests, appointed by government, majority from scientific community, not paid. Secretariat is appointed by government.	<i>Expert Advisory Council</i> , establishes its own rules and procedures, appointed by Minister, no size, terms, expertise, or secretariat. Must be independent at the discretion of the Minister.	Climate Change Fund Advisory Board to advise the Minister on matters relating to crediting and use of funds.	Advisory committee of up to 10 members, appointed by government, must be representative of various stakeholder groups.
Reporting	Annual report with detailed requirements and reports are public.	Government must create a single plan in 2020 and must table it in the House of Assembly. Minister must report annually to the House of Assembly on progress towards goals.	Committee advice is made public. Every five years the Minister prepares transition, innovation, and efficiency master plan.	Minister must develop plan that meets specific criteria and take into account advice from the council. Annual report on policies, reductions, etc. Report is made public.	Minister must develop plan, plan is reviewed every 5 years and it is made public. Progress report every year, also made public. Minister needs to report annually on the fund.	Annual reports on a long list of items including emissions, progress to targets, actions taken, abatement cost, and advice received. They must report every five years on climate change risks. Reports are public.
Methodology	Methodology is prescribed by regulation.	No accounting methodology specified.	Minister provides directives on accounting and reporting methodology. Minister determines which projects are eligible for offsets	No accounting methodology specified.	Methodology is prescribed by regulation.	Methodology is prescribed by regulation.

Category	 British Columbia	 Nova Scotia	 Quebec	 Manitoba	 New Brunswick	 PEI
Other	Requires public sector to be carbon neutral for 2010 and for each subsequent year	Establishes the <i>Sustainable Communities Challenge Fund</i> that should be directed towards making regulations and creating competitive opportunities for mitigation and adaptation.	Establishes the <i>Electrification and Climate Change Fund</i> for which the Minister is responsible.	Establishes the <i>Made-in-Manitoba Climate and Green Fund</i> . Establishes the <i>Low Carbon Government Office</i> .	Establishes the <i>Climate Change Fund</i> that may be used to pay for emissions reductions, adaptation, education, etc. Requires high-emitting facilities to register.	Private members bill that passed unanimously.

Other Jurisdictions

Newfoundland and Labrador has [committed](#) to net-zero by 2050, but does not have climate accountability legislation.

Yukon has [set](#) a goal of net-zero by 2050.

Ontario, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Northwest Territories, and Nunavut do not have a net-zero target or commitment and do not have climate accountability legislation.